



## How you can protect your Spotted Gum forest on your property!

Conserve the natural understorey of shrubs and native grasses as it is a vital part in maintaining the health of the Spotted Gums! Allow natural regeneration, where possible, if your soil has not had fill dumped on the original soil profile.

By planting local native plants, you can play your part in conserving this beautiful forest and provide nesting and habitat areas important for our native wildlife!

Native grasses can provide a natural lawn area that requires only irregular mowing. Spikey shrubs provide excellent cover for smaller native birds, such as fairy wrens & silver eyes! For further plant species see the Pittwater Spotted Gum Brochure.

### Planting Guidelines for Northern Scotland Island

Plants more suitable to sunny dry conditions

#### *Trees*

Angophora costata	Sydney Red Gum
Corymbia maculate	Spotted Gum
Acacia implexa	Hickory Wattle
Allocasuarina torulosa	Forest She-oak

#### *Shrubs*

Acacia longifolia	Sydney Golden Wattle
Acacia longissima	Long Leaved Wattle
Bursaria spinosa	Black Thorn
Dodonea triquetra	Native Hop Bush
Pittosporum revolutum	Rough Fruited Pittosporum
Monotoca elliptica	Tree Broom Heath
Acacia ulicifolia	Prickly Moses
Ozothamnus diosmifolium	Everlasting, Paper Daisy
Platysace lanceolata	Native Parsnip
Indigofera australis	Native Indigo
Prosthathera denticulata	Native Mint Bush
Crocea saligna	Rose-Pink Crocea
Ziera smithii	White Flowered Ziera

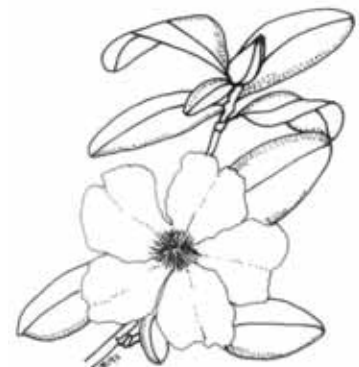
#### *Groundcovers, Ferns, Grasses & Vines*

Brachycombe angustifolia	Blue flowered Daisy
Dichondra repens	Kidney Weed
Doodia aspera	Rasp Fern
Marsdenia suaveolens	Sweet Scented Doubah
Poa affinis	Poa
Microlaena stipoides	Weeping Meadow Grass
Hardenbergia violacea	False Sarsparilla
Hibbertia scandens	Golden Guinea Flower
Hibbertia empetrifolia	Trailing Guinea Flower
Lomandra longifolia	Matrush
Pandoea pandorana	Wonga Vine or Native Jasmine

Two lovely trailing vines



Hibbertia dentata



Hibbertia scandens

## Planting Guidelines for Southern Scotland Island

Plants more suitable to shady moist conditions

### *Trees*

Acmena smithii	Lillypilly
Livistonia australis	Cabbage Tree Palm
Corymbia maculate	Spotted Gum
Syncarpia glomulifera	Turpentine
Allocasuarina torulosa	Bush She-Oak
Eleocarpus reticulatus	Blue-berry Ash
Rapanea variabilis	Muttonwood

### *Shrubs*

Backhousia myrtifolia	Grey Myrtle
Trochocarpa laurina	Tree Heath
Wilkea huegliana	Veiny Wilkea
Leucopogon juniperinus	Beard Heath
Pittosporum revolutum	Yellow Pittosporum
Rhodamnia rubescens	Scrub Turpentine
Persoonia linearis	Narrow-leaf Geebung
Clerodendrum tomentosum	Hairy Clerodendrum
Dodonea triquetra	Native Hopbush
Trema aspera	Native Peach

### *Groundcovers, Ferns, Grasses & Vines*

Goodenia heterophylla	Variable leaved Goodenia
Microlaena stipoides	Weeping Meadow Grass
Hibbertia dentata	Twining Guinea Flower
Morinda jasminoides	Native Jasmine
Dianella caerulea	Blue Flax Lilly
Marsdenia rostrate	Common Milk Vine
Clematis glycinoides	Native Clematis
Viola hederacea	Native Violet
Doodia aspera	Rasp Fern
Oplismenus imbecillis	Basket Grass
Lomandra longifolia	Matrush



Traveller's Joy  
or Native Clematis - a vine  
massed with creamy-white  
flowers



Spotted Gum fruit

Transition zones will occur between these two distinctive communities, with a mixture of plants from both northern and southern aspects. Plants can be purchased through nurseries that supply local native plants - see Nursery List brochure.

*For further information please contact the Natural Resources Officer  
on 9970 1249 or the Bushcare Officer on 9970 1250.*